

Outpatient Facility Coding Alert

Reader Question: Avoid 15851 and 15852 for Anesthesia-Free Procedures

Question: Our dermatologist recently performed suture removal in the office for an established patient who had undergone repair of a superficial wound to the scalp while on vacation. The patient returned home and presented to our provider for suture removal. Should I report 15851 for the suture removal? And should I use modifier 52, as no anesthesia was used for the procedure?

California Subscriber

Answer: Although the CPT® code 15851 (Removal of sutures under anesthesia [other than local], other surgeon) seems to be an ideal choice for the case scenario, you cannot report 15851 if your dermatologist performed the removal of sutures without the use of anesthesia. The codes 15850 (Removal of sutures under anesthesia [other than local], same surgeon) and 15851 should be used for suture removal procedures only when a provider performs the removal of sutures with the use of general anesthesia.

If the patient is under your dermatologist's care for other issues and is an established patient, you can report the service performed using an established patient E/M code such as 99212 or 99213 (Office or other outpatient visit for the evaluation and management of an established patient...).

If the patient is covered under insurance other than Medicare, you can also consider using S0630 (Removal of sutures; by a physician other than the physician who originally closed the wound) to let the payer know that your dermatologist is removing sutures placed by another physician. "S" codes are temporary, national codes for non-Medicare payers. But, before you report this code, check the payer's guidelines to see if S0630 is a covered service, or else your claim might get denied. In case the payer is not covering the code, you can just resort to using an E/M code, as described above.